## Richard hourigan, inc.

## Instructions

## Instruction Number: 5256

## DROP TEST

HIGH QAC/HIGH POLYQUAT
(1 drop $=3.5$ or 9 ppm polyquat, 1 drop $=10$ or 25 ppm QAC)

COMPONENTS:

| $1 \times 5256$ | Instruction <br> Pipet, Calibrated $0.5 \& 1.0 \mathrm{~mL}$, plastic |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1 \times 9012$ | w/brown cap |
| Sample Tubes, Graduated, 25 mL, plastic |  |

TO ORDER REPLACEMENT PARTS AND REAGENTS CALL TOLL-FREE 877-7WATER6 (877-792-8376) or email us with your requirements.

PROCEDURE:

CAREFULLY READ AND FOLLOW PRECAUTIONS ON REAGENT
LABELS. KEEP REAGENTS AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

For 1 drop $=10 \mathrm{ppm}$ QAC or 3.5 ppm polyquat

NOTE: Run a blank using water containing no QAC or polyquat. Record drops of R-0884 QAC Titrating Solution used.

1. Rinse and fill 25 mL sample tube (\#9198BR) to 25 mL mark with water to be tested.
2. Using a 1.0 mL pipet (\#9012), add 1.0 mL R-0950 Complexing Reagent. Swirl to mix.

NOTE: If sample water contains a hardness concentration above 500 ppm , add 2.0 mL (2 x 1.0 mL) R-0950 Complexing Reagent.
3. Add 1 drop R-0638BR Phenolphthalein Indicator. Swirl to mix. If colorless, proceed to Step 4. If pink, add R-0736BR Sulfuric Acid . 6N dropwise, swirling after each drop, until color changes from pink to
colorless.
4. Add 3 drops $\mathrm{R}-0881$ Toluidine Blue O Indicator. Swirl to mix. Sample should be light blue.
5. Add R-0884 QAC Titrating Solution dropwise, swirling and counting after each drop, until color changes from light blue to violet-pink. Always hold bottle in vertical position.

NOTE: Further addition of R-0884 QAC Titrating Solution should produce no color change.
6. Subtract drops of R-0884 QAC Titrating Solution used in blank from drops used in sample (Step 5). Multiply by 10. Record as parts per million (ppm) QAC as n-alkyl(60\% C14, 30\% C16, 5\% C12, 5\% C18) dimethylbenzylammonium chloride/n-alkyl(68\% C12, 32\% C14) dimethylethylbenzylammonium chloride. For results as polyquat, multiply by 3.5. Record as ppm polyquat as poly[oxyethylene (dimethyliminio) ethylene(dimethyliminio) ethylene dichloride].

NOTE: Equivalences for quaternary ammonium compounds and polyquats other than those listed must be determined by titration with a known standard.

For 1 drop $=25 \mathrm{ppm}$ QAC or 9 ppm polyquat
NOTE: Run a blank using water containing no QAC or polyquat. Record drops of R-0884 QAC Titrating Solution used.

1. Rinse and fill 25 mL sample tube (\#9198BR) to 10 mL mark with water to be tested.
2. Using a 1.0 mL pipet (\#9012), add $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} R-0950$ Complexing Reagent. Swirl to mix.

NOTE: If sample water contains a hardness concentration above 500 ppm , add $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{R}-0950$ Complexing Reagent.
3. Add 1 drop R-0638BR Phenolphthalein Indicator. Swirl to mix. If colorless, proceed to Step 4. If pink, add R-0736BR Sulfuric Acid . 6N dropwise, swirling after each drop, until color changes from pink to colorless.
4. Add 1 drop R-0881 Toluidine Blue O Indicator. Swirl to mix. Sample should be light blue.
5. Add R-0884 QAC Titrating Solution dropwise, swirling and counting after each drop, until color changes from light blue to violet-pink. Always hold bottle in vertical position.

NOTE: Further addition of R-0884 QAC Titrating Solution should produce no color change.
6. Subtract drops of R-0884 QAC Titrating Solution used in blank from drops used in sample (Step 5). Multiply by 25. Record as parts per million (ppm) QAC as n-alkyl(60\% C14, 30\% C16, 5\% C12, 5\% C18) dimethylbenzylammonium chloride/n-alkyl(68\% C12, $32 \%$ C14) dimethylethylbenzylammonium chloride. For results as polyquat, multiply by 9. Record as ppm polyquat as poly[oxyethylene(dimethyliminio) ethylene(dimethyliminio)ethylene dichloride].

NOTE: Equivalences for quaternary ammonium compounds and polyquats other than those listed must be determined by titration with a known standard.

03/09

